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THE

PARLIAMENTS

ANSWER,

To the

ARMIES

PROPOSALS,

OR,

A true extract of the Iurnalls in Parliament, fo far as they relate unto the Petition and Proposals of the Army, and present distempers.

LONDON,
Printed by John Redmayne, 1659.

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The Parliaments Answer, to the Armies Proposals.

Thursday 22. of September.

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Ieutenant Generall Fleetwood having acquainted the Parliament with the effect of an Addresse intended to be made to them by some of the Army: They ordered that Collonell Ashfield, Collonell Cobbet, and Lieutenant Collonell Duckensield be, and are hereby required forthwith this afternoon to bring to the

Parliament the Original Paper or addresse in their or one of their hands, intended by some of the Army to be presented to the Parliament, and that the Coppy thereof in the hands of the Lieutenant Generall Fleetwood be also brought to the House this afternoon; And thereupon Ordered that Lieutenant Generall Fleetwood do give the said Collonell Assisted, Collonell Cobbet, and Lieutenant Collonell Duckenfield notice of the said Order.

Thurjday 22. September Afternoon.

The House received in pursuance of their Order made in the forenoon, A Letter figned by many persons of the Army, and directed to Collonell Ashfield, Collonell Cobbet, and Lieutenant Collonell Duckenfield, by whose hands, or any one or two of them, they desired the enclosed Paper with the Letter might be presented to the Lord Fleetwood, and afterwards unto the generall Councell of Officers, which enclosed Paper was entituled, To the Supream Authority of these Nations: The Parliament of the Common-wealth of England, The humble Petition and Proposals of the Officers under the Command of the right Honourable the Lord Lambert in the late Northern Expedition: after a debate thereupon untill 7 of the clock that Evening; They ordered, that the surther debate hereof be adjourned untill to motrow morning, and that it be the first businesse nothing to Intervene.

Friday 23. September. ...

The House according to former Order resumed the debate upon the Petition and Proposals, yesterday adjourned: And Resolved, That this House doth declare, that to have any more generall Officers in the Army shen are already settled by the Parliament, is needlesse, chargeable, and

dangerous to the Common-wealth.

Ordered, that Lieutenaut Generall Fleetwood do communicate this Vote unto the Officers of the Army, which being accordingly prefented, the officers had leverall meetings, and at last concluded upon a Petition and Representation. In the interim, the House passed the following Resolves, unto which they do re er in their answer to the said Proposals.

Tuesday 4. Oct ber

Resolved, that the Arrears due unto the Officers and Souldiers of the Army, and also of the Militia Troops shall be paid out of the Moyety of such monies as shall be raised by the sale or composition of the Delinquents sequestred, and to be sequestred upon the late Insurrection, and out of one Moyette of the money to be raised by the sale of Forrests and Chases, excepting new Forrest, and the Forrest of Dean, and excepting such timber and trees as shall be thought fit to be reserved and made use of for the service of the Common-wealth. And that the other moyety of the money to be raised by the said Delinquents Estates, shall goe to the use of the Navie: And that the other moyetie of the Fotrests, except as aforesaid shall go to the payment and satisfaction of the debts due upon the Publick-Faith, and that the best way and means be speedily taken for rendering this Vote effectuals.

The following Resolves concerning the maimed souldiers, and orphans which passed the 1 September. unto which those which passed the 5. of October have relation.

Resolved, that two moneths pay be sorthwith provided and paid unato the maimed souldiers and widows at the Savoy, and Ely house, and that the Council of State do see that one fortnights pay be paid accordingly: and that the Committee of Inspections do consider how the residue may be forthwith paid.

Ordered, that the Trustees and Contractors at Worcester house doe consult

consult with the Commissioners for maimed souldiers, who are fitting to be continued, and how they are to be provided for. Ordered that the said Trustees be enjoyed to give an account hereof to the house before

the 19. of September 1659.

Refolved, that no one be Pensioners who have married second husbands, since the death of the fitst, who were wounded or slain in the service of the Parliament, and that none be continued Pensioners, but such as are disabled from working by their wounds in the service of the Common wealth.

O:der.d, that the childre of maimed fouldiers as are fit, shall be put

Apprentifes,

Refolved, that such widows of souldiers as have been slain in the service of the Parliament, as are able to work and have no children, shall be continued no longer as Pensione s.

Wednesday. 5. October

Upon report from the Trustees at Worcester house touching the main-ed souldiers. Go.

Resolved, that the power of the said Trustees in Reserence to the maymed Souldiers, &c. be, and is hereby continued for three moneths longer, and that it be reserred to Lieutenant Generall Fleet-wood to confer with the said Trustees and such others as he shall think sit, and to take care that such of the maimed souldiers, as the said Trustees shall from time to time nominate, be disposed in Garrisons for

ease of the Publick charge of the Common-wealth.

Resolved, that the Trustees at Worcester house have power to dispose of such others of the maimed souldiers, at the Savoy and Ely house (as are not sit to be placed in Gatrisons) in such other Hospitalls of this Common-wealth, (whereby they may be comfortably provided for) as they shall think sittest, for the surther case of the publick charge: And that they confer with the Governours of the Hospitall under the dispose of the Corporation for the poore, about the placing and settling of the Orphans in the Savoy and Ely house, and take care for the settling of them accordingly.

Resolved, that such monies as come next in upon discovery to the Committee for Inspections, shall be disposed of towards the payment of the 6. weeks pay to be ordered to the maimed souldiers and widows

at the Savoy and Ely house.

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The House bring informed that some Officers of the Army were at the doore, they were called in, and Major General Destrow in the name of the rest, said as solioweth. Mr. Speaker Lamordered by the general Councel of the Army, with the rest of these Gentlemen to wait upon you, to present unto you there humble Representation and Petition; and they humbly desire you would accept it, as that which proceeds from the hearts of those who desire nothing more then that the Lord would strengthen your hearts, in carrying on that good work of setting these Nations, upon the soundation of a tree Commonwealth, where by the Religious and Civil Liberties of the good people thereof may be preserved and secured: they being withdrawn the Petition was read, which solloweth,

The humble Representation and Petition of the Officers of the Army, to the Parliament of the Common wealth of England. Presented to them Wednesday the 5th. of October, 1659. by Major General Disbrow: together with the Parliaments Answer thereunto.

Sheweth,

Hat having had by Your order some late Votes of Parliament communicated to us by Lieutenant General Fleet wood, our Commander in chief, occasioned by a Debate in Parliament, upon the Petition and Proposals of the Officers, under the Command of the Lord Lambert in the late Northern expedition; We have inquired diligently into our hearts and wayes, with reference thereunto; and finding nothing amongst us but saithfulness and integrity to the Parliament and this Commonwealth; we cannot but be sensible that there hath not wanted fome persons, who have endeavoured to beget misunderstanding between the Parliament and Army: and to that end have presented our Actions and Intentions so, as it is taken for granted there hath been irregularity amongst us, at which we fear you have taken offence. Whereas we are perswaded, that if there had not been an anticipation, it would have appeared to all unprejudiced Spirits, that neither we, (who for the generality of us, were utterly ignorant of that whereat the offence is taken) nor our faithful brethren of the Northern Brigade, who figned the said Petition and Proposals, did design or intendany thing tending to the interruption of the Patliament, the prejudice of the peace of this Commonwealth, or any other by, or finister respect, not becoming the Trust

Trust reposed in us. Wherefore being sensible of the evil Ue, that persons abroad may make from the least apprehensions of Difference between the Parliament and Army, and that we may as much as in us lie, remove all occasions of Surmise, justific our own innocency before you, and frustrate the expectations of any, who by blowing up the Coals of Differtion, hope to warm themselves thereby.

We have thought it our duty to present our naked thoughts to you, and hope you will find so much of integrity and approved faithfulness in us, for the welfare of this Commonwealth, as may continue a firm confidence of us, and engage your zeal against all such as shall go about to reproach your stithful Army, or any Member thereof for the suture: especially considering that the Peace of these Nations, next under God, depends so much upon a Cordial and Assectionate Agreement and Union of the Parliament and Army, and an uninterrupted good understanding of each other, and therefore we do humbly and plainly declare.

1. That notwithstanding what any persons may suggest or say to the contrary, we are not for, but against the setting up of any single Person whatsoever in Supream Authority; and for a demonstration hereof, we may appeal to your own judgements upon our late Actings: wherein, since our Declaration of the sixth of May last, we have withal industry and faithfulness, endeavoured to render our selves serviceable to you and this Commonwealth, and have chearfully observed your commands; some of us with our lives in our hands in your late service, whereinto our great encouragement the Lord hath once more appeared to own you and your Army, and the good old Cause for which we have contended. And, at the late return of this Parliament to the discharge of their remaining trust, We did with simplicity and plainness in our Humble Petition and Address presented to you, manifest our hearts and defires, and that with much unanimity and sulness of consent, which we apprehended was well accepted by you.

2. That we have not fince changed our principles, (leading to a well-regulated Commonwealth, wherein the Liberties of the people thereof, both spiritual and civil, may be fully secured, and persons of known integrity, piety and ability, employed in places of trust and concernment) but resolve by the assistance of God to remain constant to them. And make it our humble prayer to God, that he would incline your hearts effectually to prosecute the same; and make you instrumental in bringing forth such a foundation of Government, whereby all the good people of

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these Nations may rationally expect that such Liberties and Rights shall be p eserved to them and their posserities. And we can truly say that it is in our hearts earnestly, to defice that God would crown you with the henour of making these Nations happy by such a settlement; as may not be liable at every change of Governors to have the peace thereof disturbed by introducing new Governments.

3. Whereas a Petition and Proposals were lately drawn up by the Officers of the Brigade that (under the command of Major Generall Lambert) hazarded themselves in your service with good successe, whereby through the bleffing of God upon them and others of your faithfull friends and servants, the peace of this Common-wealth is still continued; And the said Petition was sent up to some Officers here, to be presented to the Lord Fleet wood, which hath been by some interpreted to evil and finister ends, and from thence suggestions derived, as if there were intentions to violate the Parliament, to set up a single person or another General. In order thereun:0; We do sincerely profels (what ever the defigns of any persons may be to promote such causelesse jealousies) we have had no other then faithfulnesse and candor in our hearts and actions towards the Parliament, nor do we apprehend (with fubmillion we speak it) any reason or cause of offence to be conceived aginft your faithfull fervants, who lately gave so ample proof of their fidelity and courage.

4. We cannot but esteem our selves unhappy to have been so missepresented to the Parliament, as should occasion such a publique admonition upon record; And considering what evil use may be made of these things by the publique Enemy, and to the end they may be disappointed of their hopes, and all such persons discouraged as shall goe about for the siture, to promote jealousies, or by missinformation to beget divisions betwint the Parliament and their faithful servants the Army, and that a good understanding may be preserved between them, VVe hum-

bly pray,

1. That the Officers of the Army, and particularly those who have reason to bear the markes of your savour for their saithfulnesse in the late Northern Expedition, may stand right in your opinion, and have your countenance.

11. That whatsoever person or persons shall for the suture groundlessly and causelessly inform the House against your Servants, thereby creating jealousies, and casting scandalous imputations upon them, may be brought

brought to examination, justice, and condign punishment.

in a peaceable and submissive way, to petition the Supreme Authority, which liberty hath been by your selves afferted, allowed, and approved of, we cannot but also affert the said liberty, and humbly conceive that your faithful Servants of the Army have no way fortested their Rights as Fice men: and that therefore they hope it will be no offence for them to submit their humble defires to the Parliament. And we hope and pray you will not discourage them for so doing.

IV. That you would be pleased to take into your serious confideration the necessitions condition of the poor Souldiers of your Armies, and that all pessible care may be taken for their timely supply, their wants being such as earnestly call for it; and that some speedy and effectual course may be taken to provide for the maimed souldiers and the poor widows and orphans, of such as have been slain in your service, that the blessing

of the defolate may be upon you.

Counties and cities of these Nations, to own and stand by you and your Cause in the late Insurrection, with the hazard of all which is dear unto them, may have your encouragement, and be imployed in places of trust and command.

VI. That (it being a thing granted by all, that without due execution of Martial Discipline, the peace, union, and good government of an Army cannot be preferred) the discipline of the Army may be preserved inviolable, and in particular, that no Officer, or Souldier of your Army may be cashield or dismissed from their places, without a due proceeding at a Court-Martial, or by his own consent, except in cases of Reduction of Disbandings.

VII. That it being judged necessarie by the Pailiament for the keeping of the Army under such a conduct as may render the same serviceable to the Common-wealth, to appoint a Committee of Nomination, for the proposing of Officers to the Parliament for their approbation, we humbly pray, that no Officers may be brought into the Army but such as shall full come under the consideration of the said Committee.

and be by them presented.

VIII. The Office of the Commander in chief of the Army being of so great concernment to the peace of this Common wealth and his Commission at present (as we conceive) expiring within a few moneths,

we humbly pray, that the confideration of that matter may come before you, and some such effectual course taken therein, as may prevent our

fears, and the hazard of leaving the Army to confusion.

IX. And that you would retain a good opinion of your Army, and against all discouragements whatsoever, proceed in the carrying on of that good work intrusted in your hands for the glory of God, and advantage of these Nations. In the prosecution whereof through the help of our God we shall be found (notwithstanding all endeavours to the contrary) faithfull to you and this Commonwealth.

After which the Officers being called in again, Mr. Speaker by order of the House gave them this answer: Gentlemen, the Parliament have read your Representation and Petition, and taking notice of the good expressions of your affections, and faithfulness to this Parliament and Commonwealth, which are there in, have commanded me to return you the thanks of the House, and in their names I give you thanks accordingly: I am likewise commanded to let you know that the Parliament have already taken into consideration the relief of the poor Widows, Orphans and maimed Souldiers, to whom pensions have been formerly allowed, and have also settled away for satisfaction of the Arrears due to the Officers and Souldiers, and shall endeavour to bring the same to speedy, effect, the other matters of your Petition are appointed to be taken into consideration on Saturday next.

Munday . O. of October.

This day the House took into consideration the Humble Representation and Petition of the Officers of the Army, and Resolved, That this House do now proceed in the particular Proposals of the Humble Petition and Representation of the Officers of the Army, as followeth:

1. Proposal was read as followeth:

That the Officers of the Army, and particularly those who have reafon to bear the marks of your favour, for their faithfulness in the late Northern Expedition, may stand right in your opinion, and have your Countenance.

Resolved, That this be the answer to the first Proposal: That the Officers of the Army have received, and shall from time to time receive marks

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marks of the favour of this Parliament, and countenance answerable to their merit and faithfulness.

Munday in the afternoon.

2. Proposal was read as followeth:

That whatsoever person or persons shall for the future groundlessly, and caussesty inform the House against your Servants, thereby creating jealousies, and cassing scandalous imputations upon them, may be

brought to examination, justice, and condign punishment.

Resolved, That this be the Answer to the second Proposal: That it is the duty of all persons, especially of the Members of Parliament, to inform the House of any thing, which in their apprehension may concern the Publick safety; And it is the undoubted right of the Parliament to receive, and debate those informations, and to resolve what they think fit thereupon; Ordered that a Committee sit to morrow at seven of the clock, upon the 3d. Proposal.

Tuesday 11. October.

3. Proposal.

This day the Committee appointed to prepare an answer to the third Proposal, made their report to the House, which was read: That it being an undoubted Right of the people, to have a Liberty in a peaceable and submissive way, to Petition the Supream Authority, which Liberty have been by your selves asserted, allowed, and approved of, we cannot but also assert the said Liberty, and humbly conceive that your saithful Servants of the Army have no way for seited their rights as free men: And that therefore they hope it will be no offence for them to submit their humble desires to the Parliament, and we hope and pray you will not discourage them for so doing.

Resolved, That this be the Answer to the third Proposal: The Parliament declareth, that every Member of the Army as Freemen of England, have right of Petitioning the Parliament: But with all thinks sit to let them know, that the Petitioners ought to be very careful, both in the manner, and in the matter which they delire: That the way of Promoting and presenting the same may be peaceable, and the things Petitioned for, not tending to the dissurbance of the Commonwealth, nor to the dis-

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honour of the Parliament; And that it is the duty of Petizioners to lib-mit their defires to the Parliament, and acquies in the judgment thereof.

Tuesday in the afternoon:

4. Proposal was read as followerh:

That you would be pleased to take into your serious consideration, the necessitious condition of the poor Souldiers of your Armies, that all possible care may be taken for their timely supply, their wants being such as carnessly call for it. And that some speedy and effectual course may be taken to provide for the maimed Souldiers, and the poor Widows and Orphans, of such as have been slain in your service, that the blessing of the desolate may be upon you.

Relolved, That two months pay be forthwith paid to the Officers and Souldiers of the Army in England, out of the fix months Affelsment of 3,5000 l.p. month, now due, and that the Councel of State do give order that the fame be paid accordingly: Refolved, that two months pay be also forthwith paid to the Officers and Souldiers, in Scotland and Ireland; and that the Councel of State do give order for

the Payment thereof accordingly:

Ordered, That the former Votes for making provisions for Officers, and Souldiers, and wounded and maimed Souldiers, be also part of the

Answer to this fourth Proposal:

Ordered, That the Councel of State do to be care that the moneys formerly ordered to be paid, to the use of the wounded and maimed Souldiers, Widows and Orphans at Elyshouse and the Savoy, be forthwith paid unto the old Officers there, and that they pay it according to the regulation made by the Trustees and Contractors at Worcesterhouse.

Ordered, that it be referred to a Committee to bring in a Bill for faving, to fuch Arp entifes as have ferved the Parliament in the lateWar, their time, and to compel their Masters to grant them their Freedome, as if they had been in their Masters service, during the time they were in the Parliaments service.

7. Proposal was read as followeth:

Hat such who have freely offered themselves in the several Counties and Cities of these Nations, to own and stand by you and your cause

cause in the late insurrection, with the hazard of all which is dear unto them, may have your encouragement, and be imployed in places of trust and command.

Resolved, That this be the Answer to the fish Proposal: That such persons as have been saithful & active for the Parliament in the late Insurrection, the Parliament will take care to give them all due encourage-

ment as occasion shall be offered.

Ordered, That this debate be adjourned until to morrow morning the first business, nothing to entervene, the House also passed the Act against raising of moneys upon the People without their consent in Parlament, which is as followeth:

An Act against the raising of Moneys upon the People; without their consent in Parliament.

B E it Enacted by this present Farliament, and by the Authority thereof, and it is hereby Enacted. That all Orders, Ordinances and Alts made by any single Person and his council, or by both or either of them, or otherwise, or by any Assembly or Convention, pretending to have Authority of Parliament, from and after the Nineteenth day of April, 1653. and before the seventh of May, 1659, and which have not been or shall not be enacted, allowed, consirmed by this present Parliament, be and are hereby declared, deemed, taken and adjudged to be of no force or effect, from and after the said seventh of May, 1659.

And be it further Enacted, That no per son or persons shall after the eleventh of October, 1659. Asses, Levy, Collect, Gather or receive any Castome, Impost, Excise, Assessment, Contribution, Tax, Tallage, or any sum or sums of Money, or other Imposition what seever upon the teople of this Common-Wealth, without their consent in Parliament, or as by Law might have been done before the third of

November, 1640.

And be it further Enasted and Declared, that every person offending contrary to this AEt, shall be and is hereby adjudged to be guilty of high Treason, and shall for seit and suffer as in case of high Treason.

Provided; that this Alt, or any thing herein contained, shall not be construed or taken to make void or impeach one Alt made this Parliament the twelfth of July, 1659. Entituled, An Alt of Indempnity and Free Pardon; nor any Article or Clause therein contained,

Provided also, That nothing in this Act extend to interrupt the

pessession of any Soldier or adveuturer, or any Purchaser, their Heirs or Assigns, in possession of any Lands or Hered taments in Ite-land, or of any Purchaser of any Lands or Heredstaments within this Commonwealth, unlesse where this Parliament bath taken, or shall take surther or other order therein,

Tho. St. Nicholas, Clerk of the Parliament.

V'Vednesday 12. October.

The House reassum'd the debate upon the Proposals, the sixth being read, and also a Letter dated at White-Hall October the 5th. 1659. Signed by divers Officers of the Army, directed for Collonel John Ckey, and a paper in print Entituled, The humble Representation Pet tion of the Officers of the Army to the Parliament of the Commonwealth of England presented to them October the 5th. by Major generall Disbrow accompanied with the field Officers of the Army, and subscribed by two hundred and thirtie Commission-officers in and about London, together with the Parliaments answer thereunto:

Resolved, that the severall Commissions of these severall persons, Collonel John Lambert, Collonel John Desbrow, Collonel James Berry, Collonel I homas Kelsey, Collonel Richard Ashfield, Coll. Ralph Cobbet, Collonel Villiam Packer, Collonel Robert Barrow, and Major Richard Creed; who have subscribed the said Letter, shall be, and are hereby made voyd and null, and they and every of them, be, and are

hereby discharged from all Military imployment:

Resolved, that the Army shall be governed by Commissioners:

Resolved that the number of Commissioners be seven:

Whereupon a Bill was drawn up, impowering several persons therein named Commissioners for the government of the Army, which after thrice reading, upon the question passed as followeth:

An Act appointing Commissioners for the Government of the Army.

B E it Enasted by this prefent Parliament and the Authority thereof, and it is hereby Enasted, That one Ast made this Parliament, Entituled

tituled, An Act connstituting Charles Fleetwood Esq; Lieutenant General and Commander in chief of the Forces, raifed and to be raifed by Authority of Parliament within England and Scotland, and all Powers and Anthoricies thereby given, be and are hereby repealed and made void, and that the Army and forces in England and Scotland of this Common-wealth, shall for the Future be governed by Comm ifsioners in the place and straid of a Lieutenant General, and that Lieutenant Generall Charles Fleetwood, Lieutenant Gen. Edmond Ludlow, Gen. Georg Monk, Sir Arth. Hefilrigg Col. Herbert Morley, Col. Valentine Walton, Colonel Roteit Overton, be and are hereby appointed Commissioners to execute all and singular the Powers and Authorities incident or belonging to the Office of the Lieutenant General of the Army of this Commonwealth in England and Scotland, in as large and ample manner as in and by the said rec. ted Act was granted & expressed, and that they or any three or more of them shall and may exccute the said office and Powers from the 19 day of October 1659 unto the 12 day of February 1659, any Act or Commission what soever made or granted to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding. And that all Officers and Soldiers of the Army, and other iper fons concern'd are hereby required to yield their obedience to the faid Commissoners accordingly. And the Said Commissioners are to obey and observe such Orders and Directions, as they or any three or more of them shall from time to time receive from the Parliament or Council of State appointed, or which shall be appointed by Authority of Partiament.

After which the House passed the following Resolves.

Refolved. That it be referred to the Commissioners for commanding the Army, to bring in the names of the next superior Osficers in every of the Regiments late of Col. John Lambert, Col. John Disbrowe, Col. James Berry, Col. Tho. Kelsey, Col. Rich. Ashfield, Col. Ralph Cobbet, Col. William Packer, Col. Robert Barrow and Major Rich. Creed, and present them to the Parliament to morrow morning.

Resolved that Col. Dixwell be Lieutenant of Dover Castle, and

that his Commission be brought in to morrow morning:

Referred to a Committe to consider of an answer to be given to the 6, 7. 8. proposals of the Officers of the Army, and report it to the House.

be and are hereby injoyned forthwith to meet and give order that the Forces may be disposed of as may be for the peace of the Common-wealth, and safety of the Parliament.

This gentle Feader h. st thou from the first Eeginning the whole progresse of our present Distempers without any Observations thereupon, leaving all to thy serious Consideration; Beging that thou also wouldst petition the merciful Father to put some period to the Distractions of poor England.

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